

# Improvement of Vibration Isolation System for TAMA300



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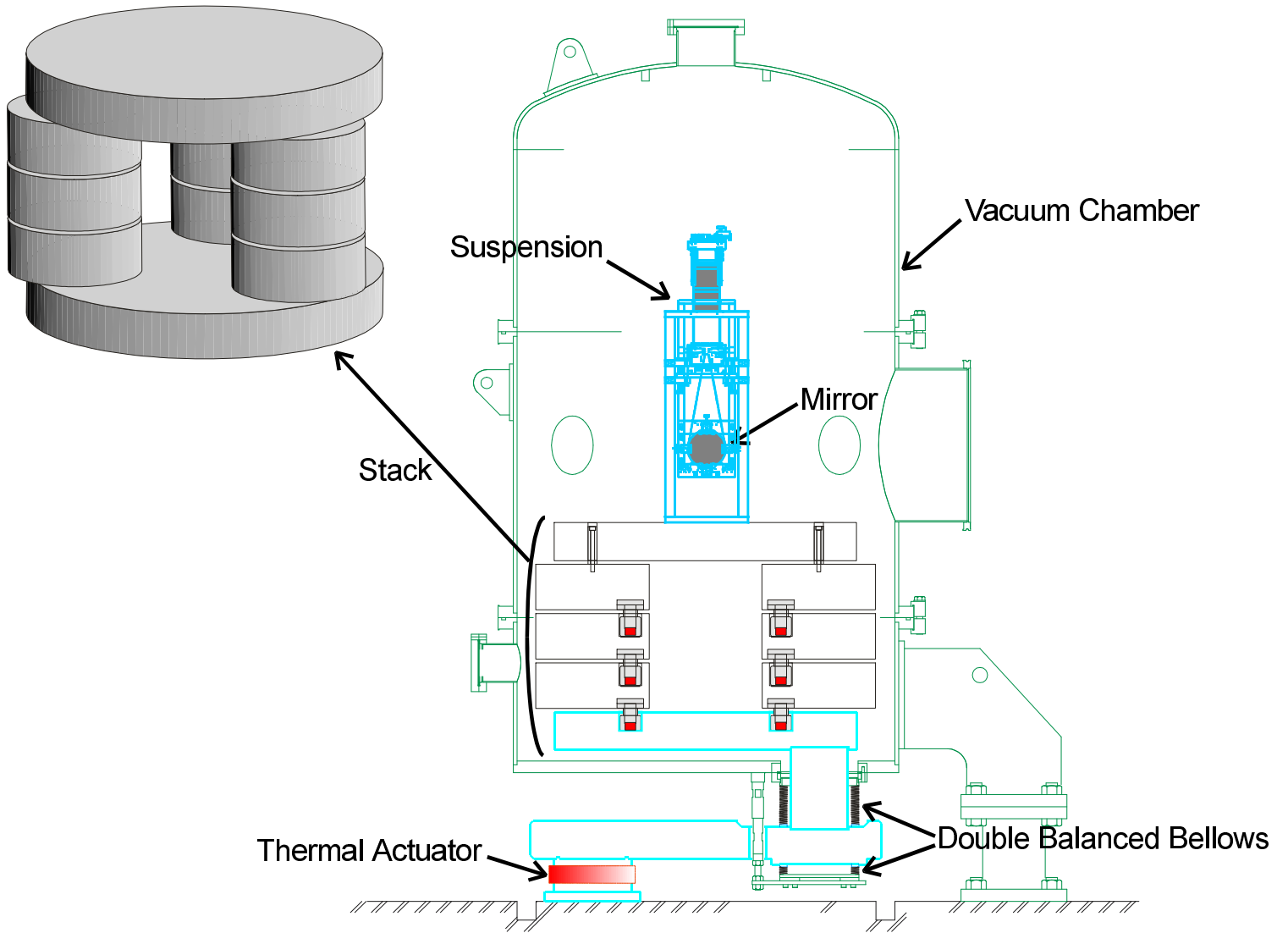
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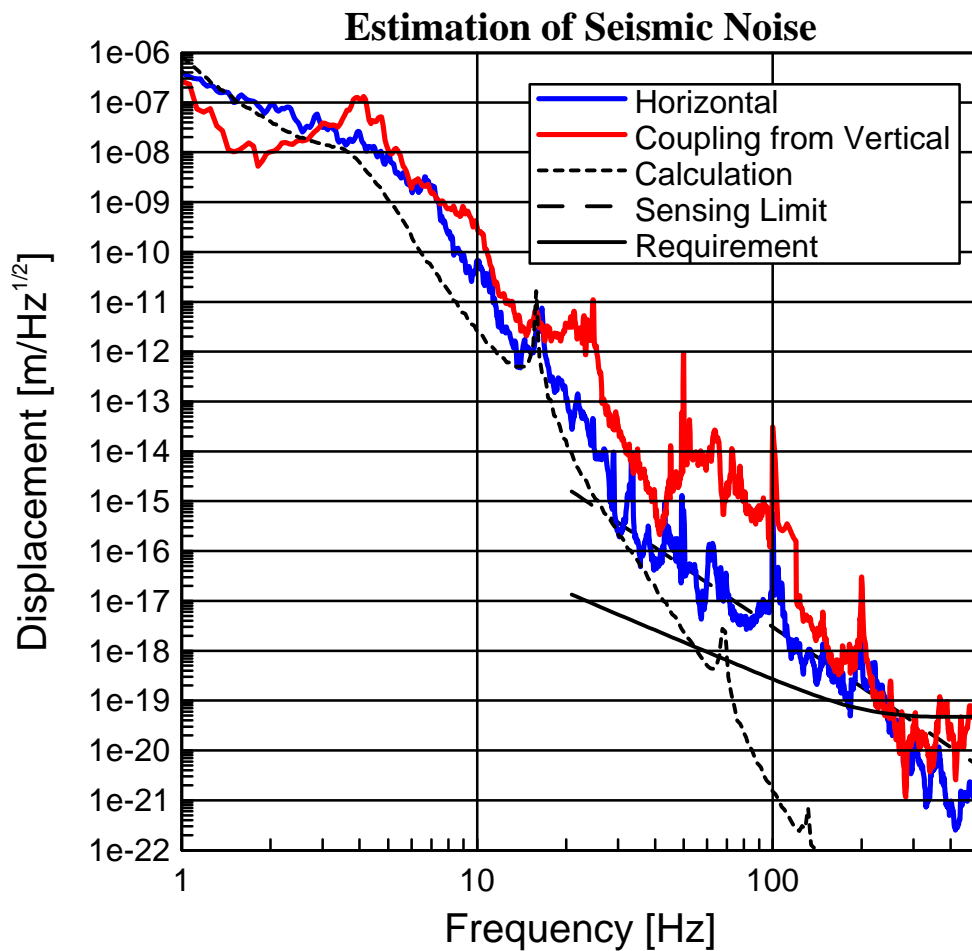
**Present Isolation System**

**Thermal Actuator**

**Dynamic Damper**

**Summary**

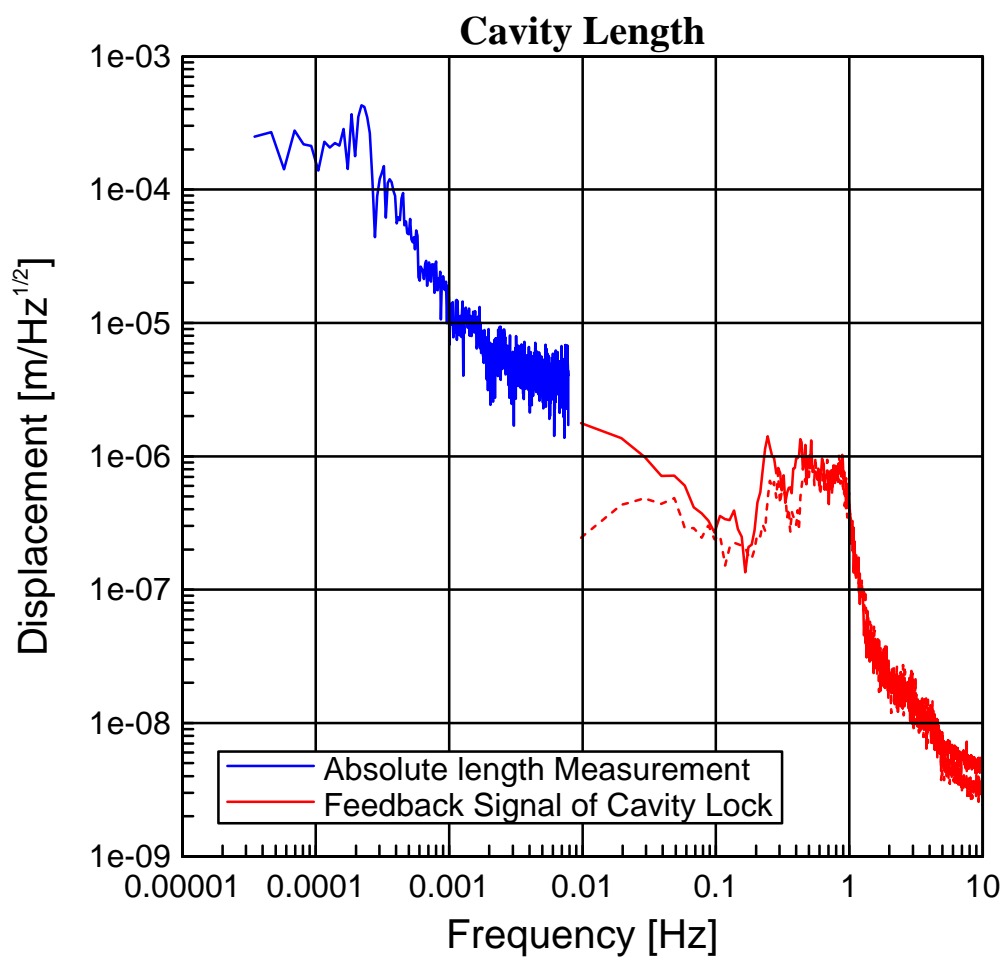




Estimated from measured transfer functions of stack and mirror suspension prototypes.

1 - 30 Hz : Consistent with a calculation.

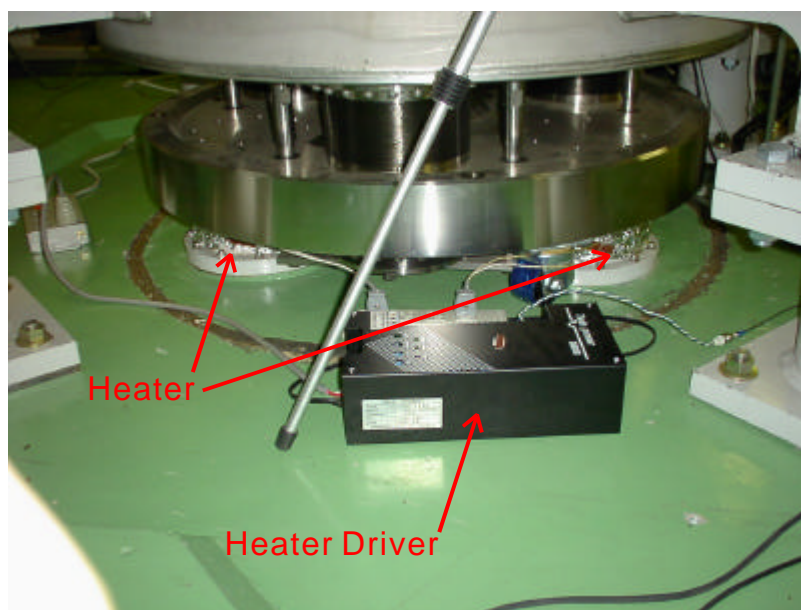
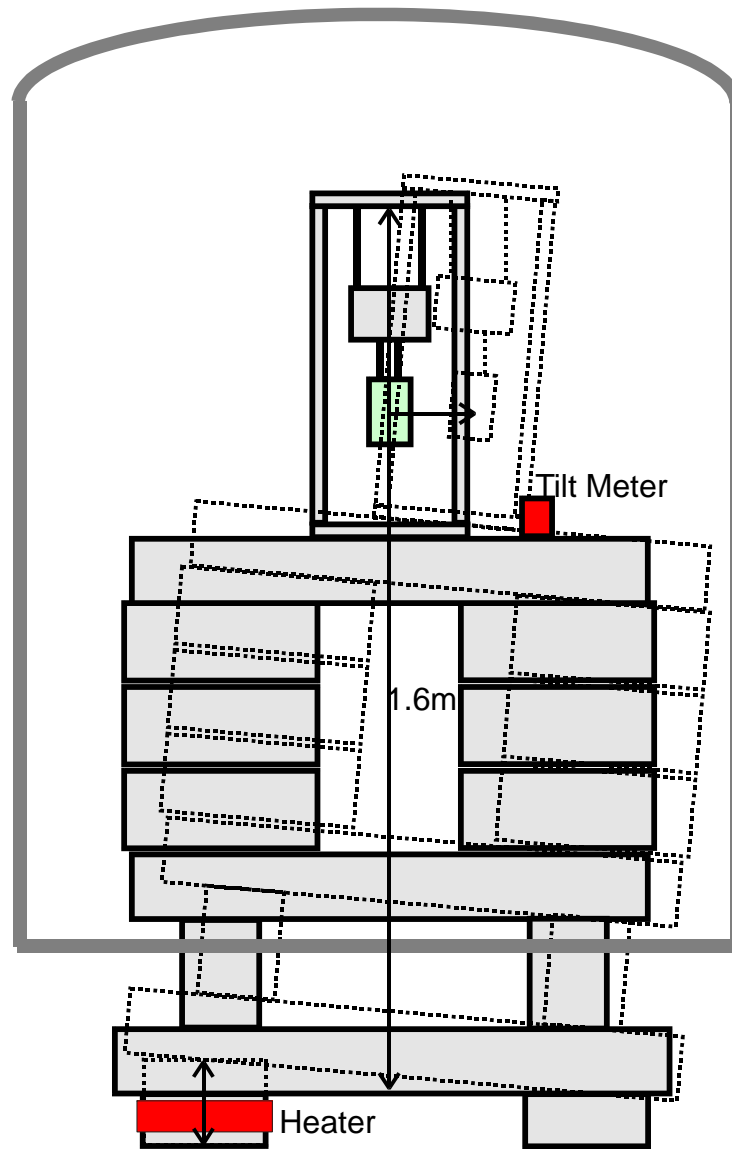
>30Hz : Sensing limit is dominant.

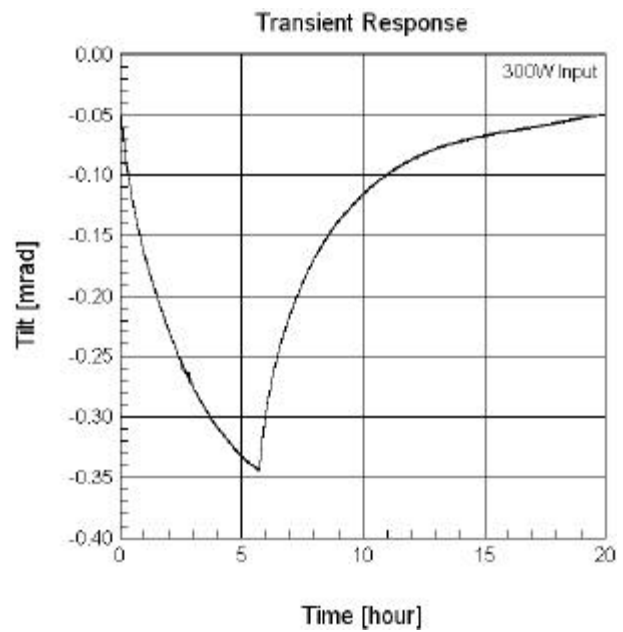
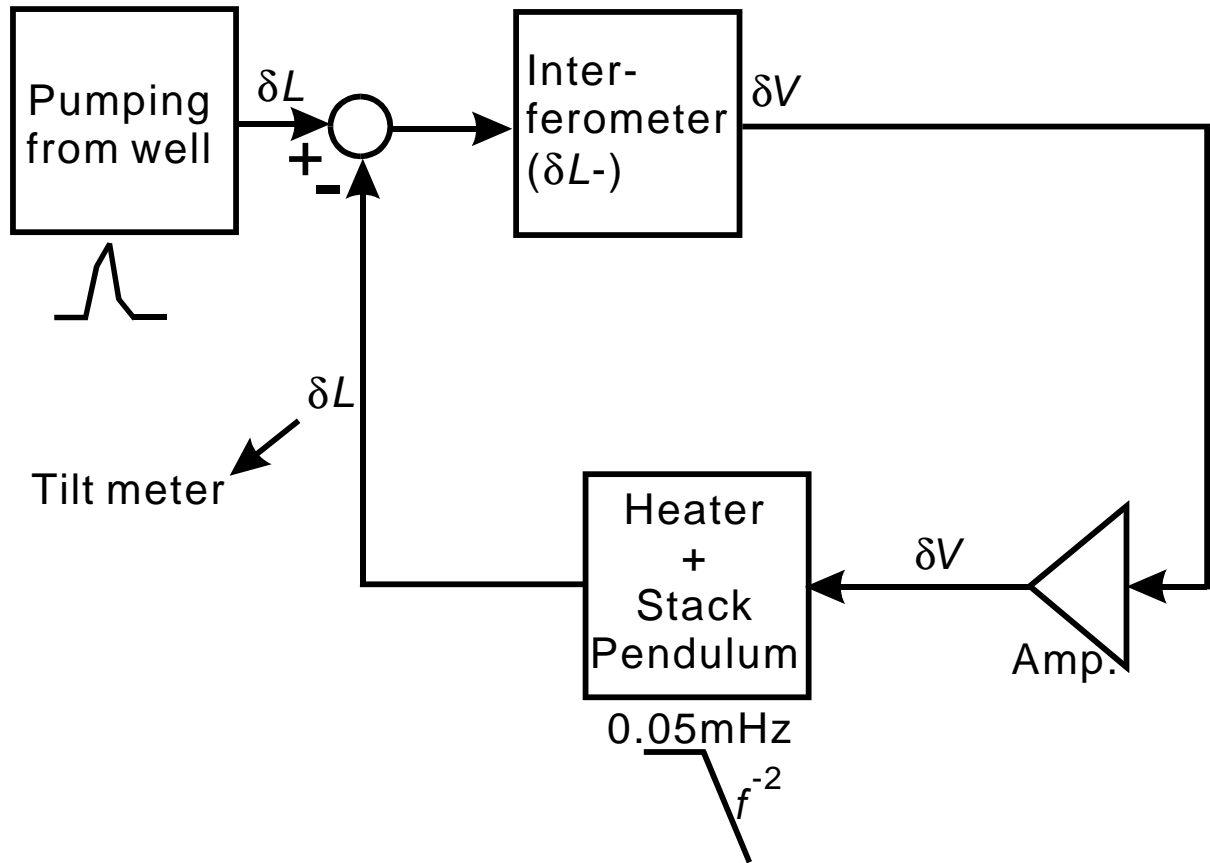


Peak around 0.3Hz : Micro seismic peak

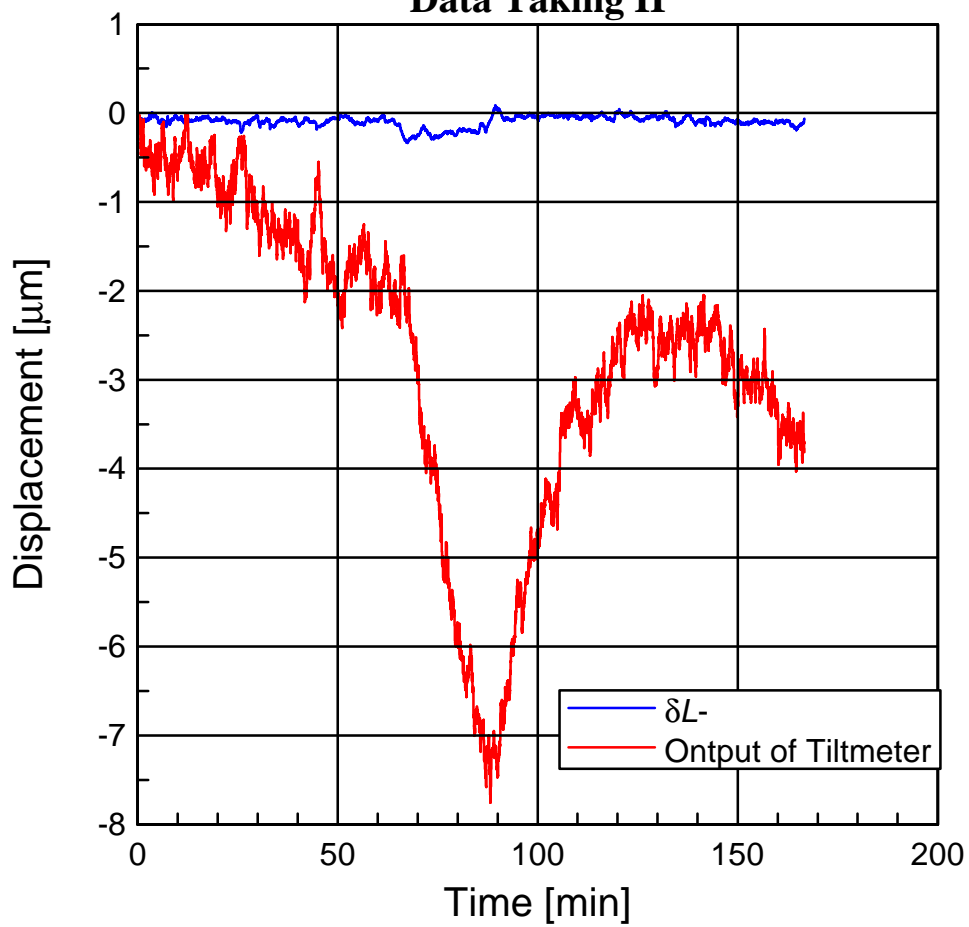
Peak around 0.2mHz : Strain due to pumping well  
(20 $\mu\text{m}$ )

# Thermal Actuator

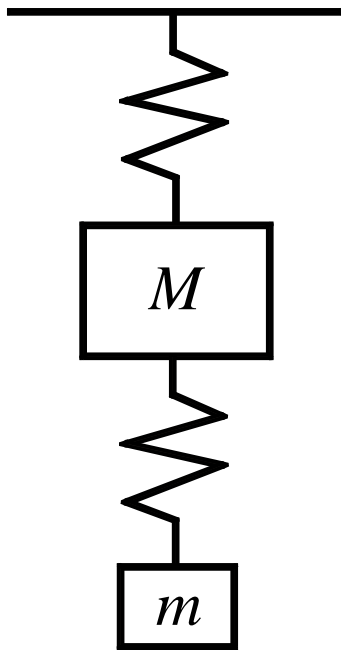
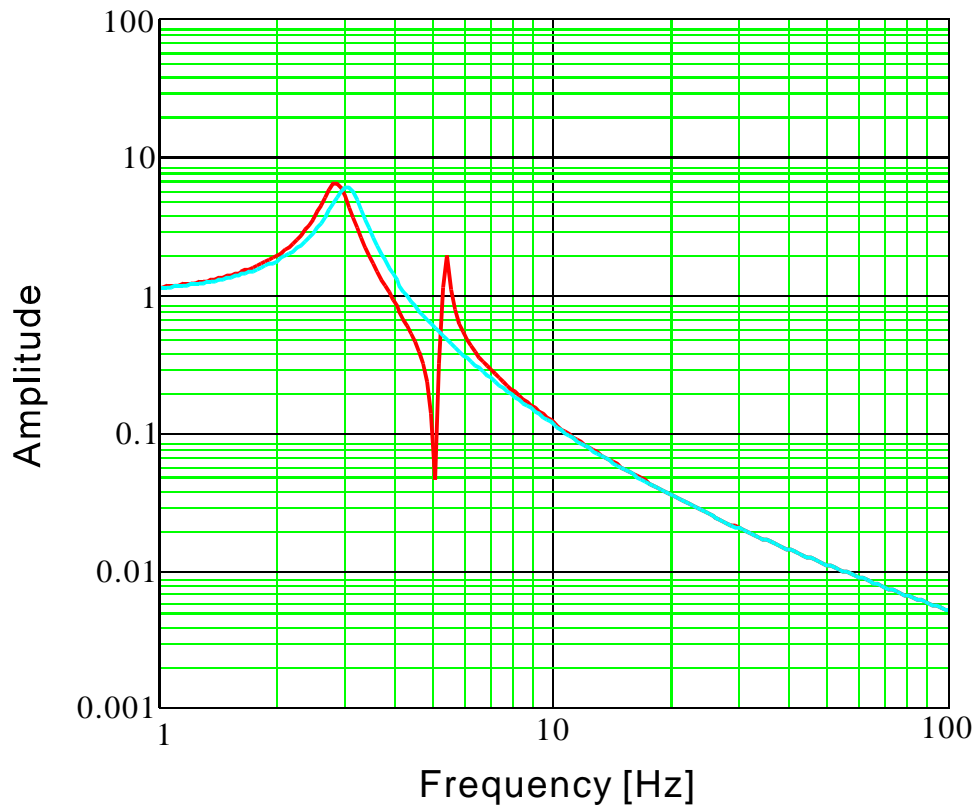




### Data Taking II



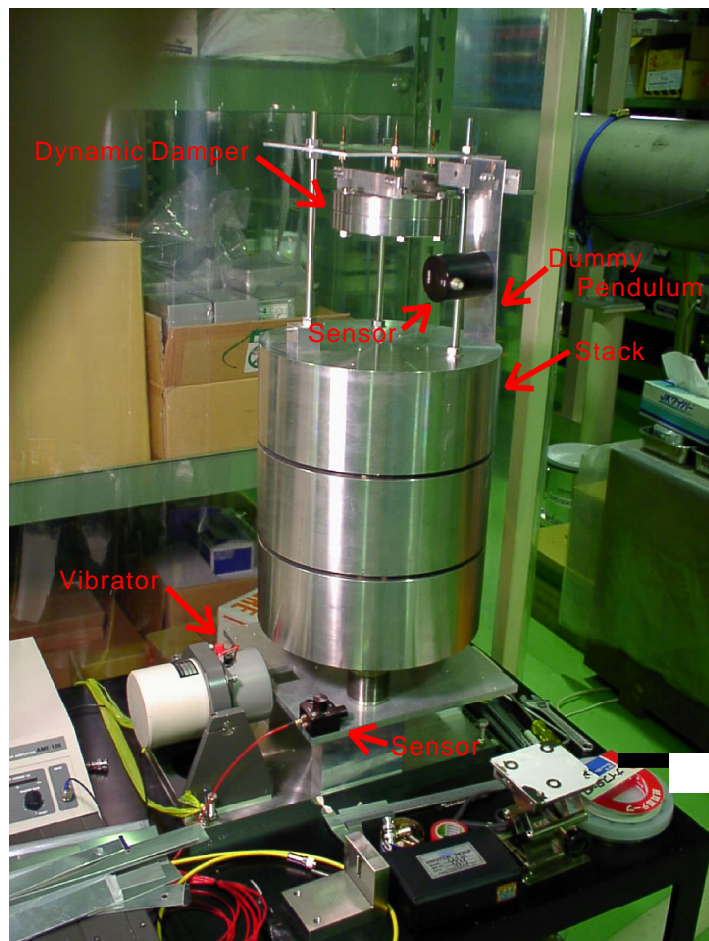
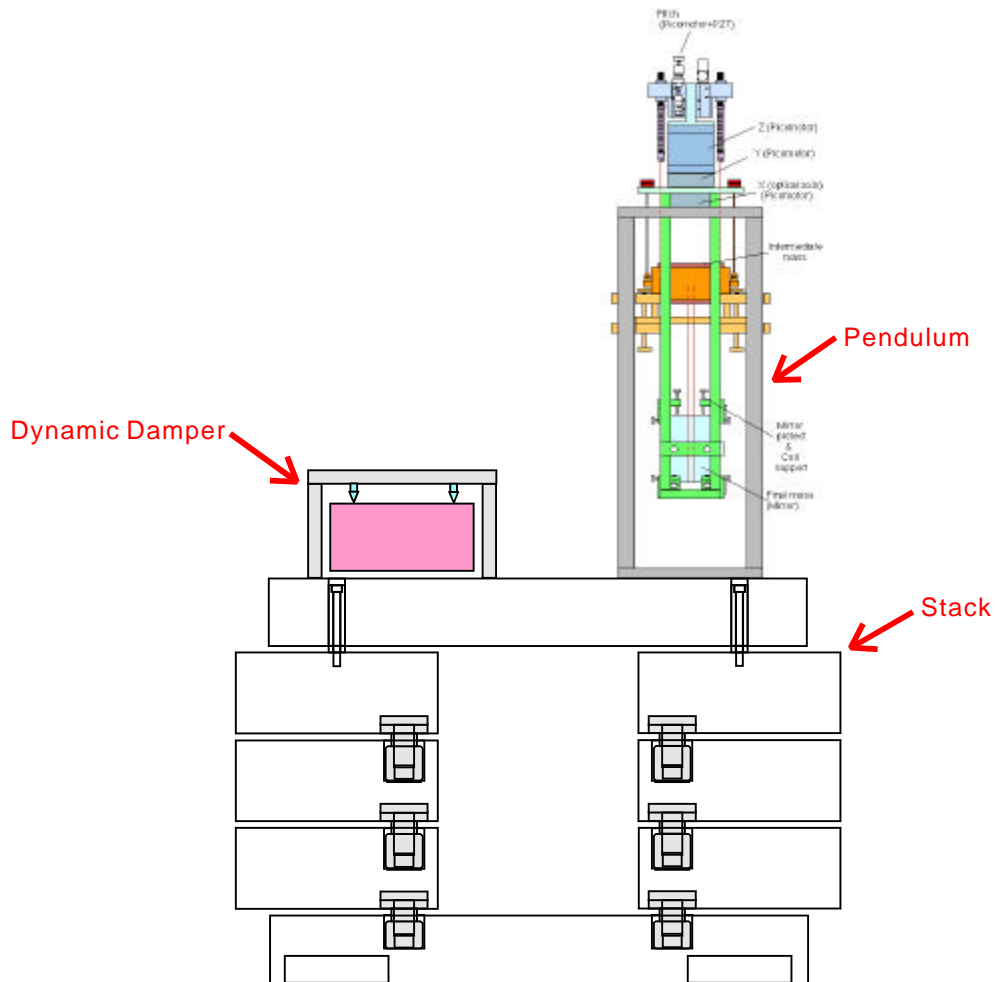
# Dynamic Damper

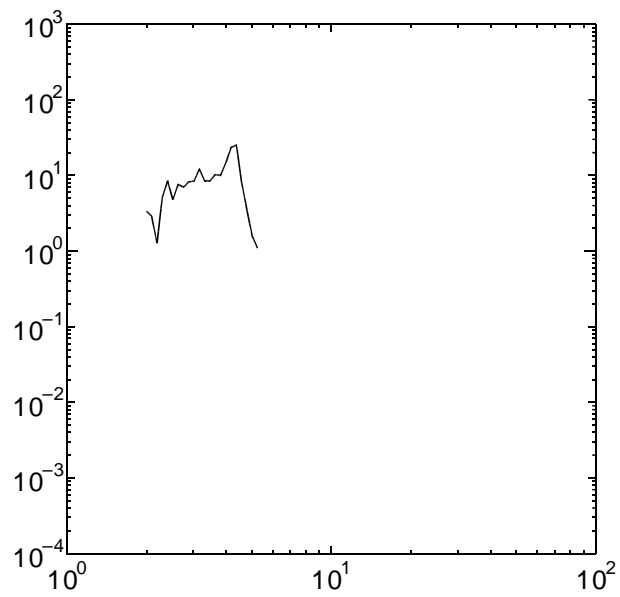
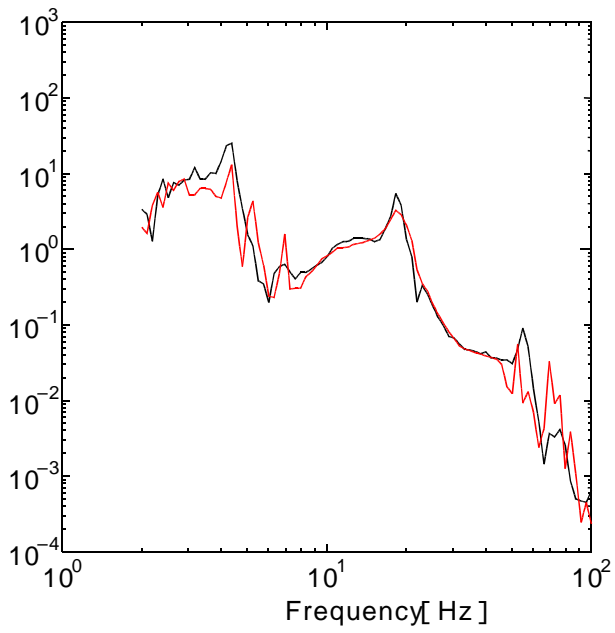


— Transfer Function of M-system alone

— Transfer Function of M-system with m-system

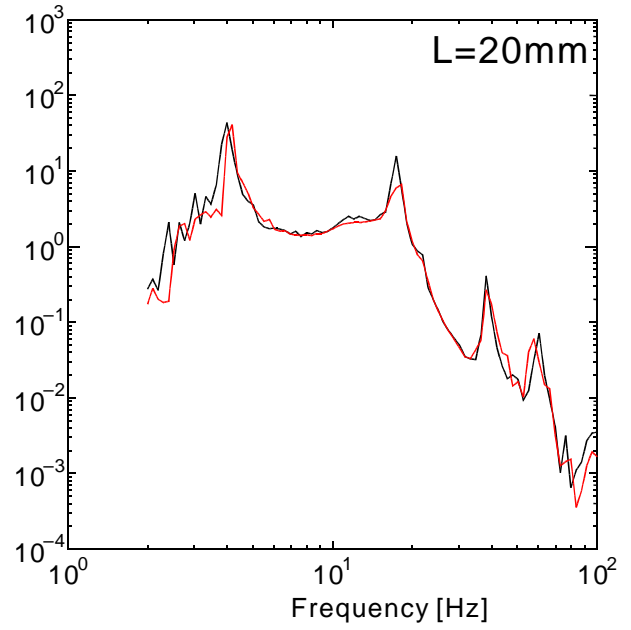
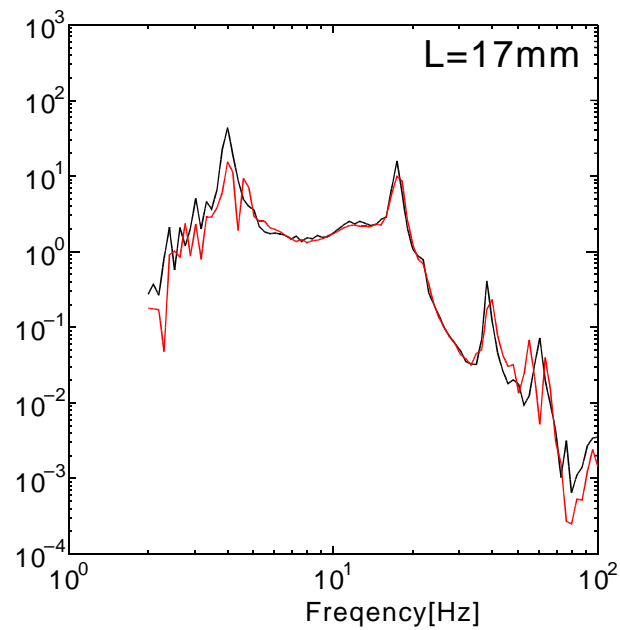
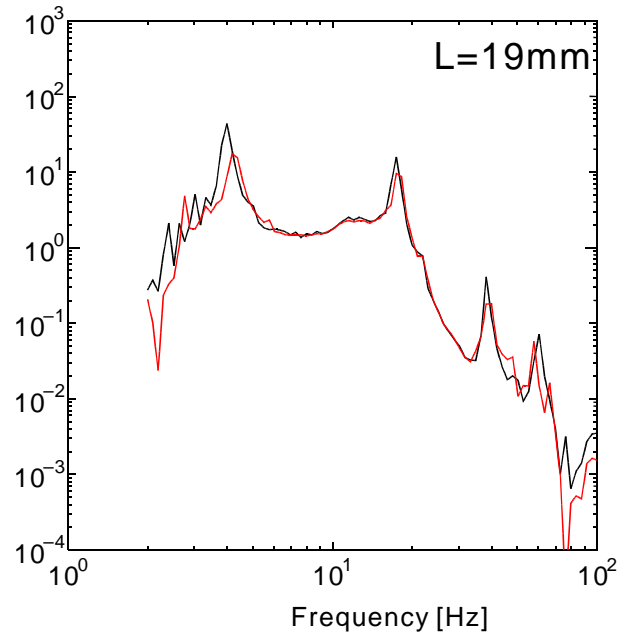
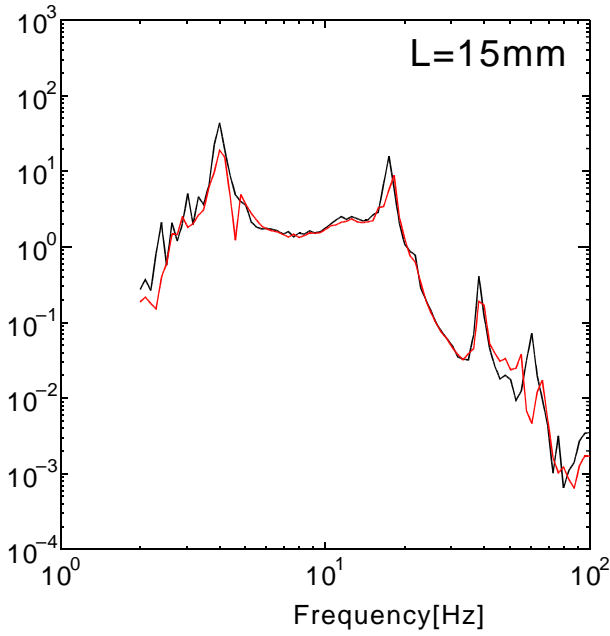
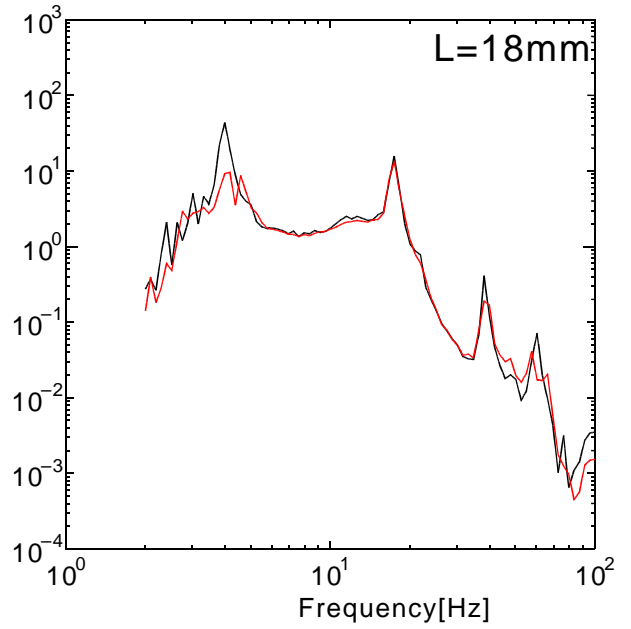
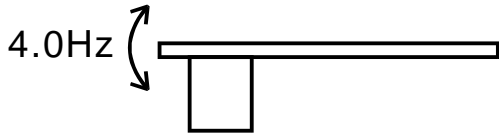
$Q = 100, m/M = 1/10$   
Suppression  $\sim Q(m/M) = 10$





For Vertical Pendulum

$$f = \frac{1}{2\pi} \sqrt{\frac{g}{L}}$$



## Summary

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- Estimated **Isolation ratio** of the vibration isolation system is consistent with a calculation at 1 – 30 Hz. Although it is not confirmed at >30 Hz because of sensing limits, even the limits almost satisfied a requirement for TAMA300.
- A **thermal actuator** has been installed to the length control system. Large drift motions appeared in the differential length signal was successfully rejected.
- Performance of a **dynamic damper** was demonstrated using a prototype. The dynamic damper system will help to suppress the resonant peak due to a pitch mode of the pendulum.