

## à Guoy shift telescope for TAMA300 main cavity alignment ~ Front Mirror

Original by Gerhard Heinzel

Interpreted by K. Arai (2001/5/6)

### ÿ Constant

```
In[131]:= H* Nd:YAG wavelength *L
          l = 1064.*^-9 ;
```

### ÿ Rayleigh range

```
In[132]:= H* Radius of curvature at z *L
          R@z_D := z + zr^2 * z

In[133]:= zr = .
          zr = zr . Solve@R@300D Š 450, zrD@2DD

Out[134]= 150 .  $\frac{l}{z}$ 
```

### ÿ q parameter at waist (q0)

```
In[135]:= q0 = l zr

Out[135]= 150 ä .  $\frac{l}{z}$ 

In[136]:= H* q=z+q0 *L
```

### ÿ Beam diameter in mm

```
In[137]:= H* From  $\frac{1}{q} = \frac{1}{R} + i \frac{1}{p}$  *L

In[138]:= w@q_D := 2 1000 Sqrt[AbsA  $\frac{l}{\text{Pi Im}@1 \cdot qD}$ 

In[139]:= H* Plot@w@z+q0D, 8z, 0, 1000<D *L
```

### ÿ Guoy Shift between 00 and 01 modes in degrees

```
In[140]:= guoy@q_D :=  $\frac{180}{p} \text{ArcTanA} \frac{\text{Re}@qD}{\text{Im}@qD}$ 
```

## Y ABCD matrices

Transform  $q_1 \rightarrow q_2$  by ABCD matrix ( $M = \begin{pmatrix} A & B \\ C & D \end{pmatrix}$ )

```
In[141] := transf@q1_, M_D := HM@@1, 1DD q1 + M@@1, 2DDL • HM@@2, 1DD q1 + M@@2, 2DDL
```

ABCD Matrix for lens of focal length  $f$

```
In[142] := lens@f_D := 881, 0<, 8- 1 • f, 1<<
```

ABCD Matrix for vacuum distance  $d$

```
In[143] := dist@d_D := 881, d<, 80, 1<<
```

## Y q's and guoy shifts at each optical component

Distance from waist (front mirror) to lens1

```
In[144] := d1 = 4.;
```

$q$  and guoy shift just before lens1

$dg_1$  is a phase shift between the waist and lens1

```
In[145] := q1 := transf@q0, dist@d1DD
           dg1 := guoy@q1D
```

$q$  just after lens1

```
In[147] := q2 := transf@q1, lens@f1DD
```

$q$  and guoy shift just before lens2 as a function of  $d_2$

$d_2$  is a distance between lens1 and lens2

$dg_2$  is a phase shift between lens1 and lens2

```
In[148] := q3@d2_D := transf@q2, dist@d2DD
           dg2@d2_D := guoy@q3@d2DD - guoy@q2D
```

$q$  just after lens2

```
In[150] := q4@d2_D := transf@q3@d2D, lens@f2DD
```

$q$  and guoy shift just before PD as a function of  $d_2$  and  $d_3$

$d_3$  is a distance between lens2 and PD

$dg_3$  is a phase shift between lens2 and PD

```
In[151] := q5@d2_, d3_D := transf@q4@d2D, dist@d3DD
           dg3@d2_, d3_D := guoy@q5@d2, d3DD - guoy@q4@d2DD
```

Total guoy phase shift from the waist to PD

```
In[153]:= dg@d2_, d3_D := dg1 + dg2@d2D + dg3@d2, d3D
          H* use 180 deg to see how much the shift above 180 deg is *L
```

Beam diameter at PD

```
In[154]:= size@d2_, d3_D := w@q5@d2, d3DD
```

## ÿ Lens focal length & position

```
In[155]:= f1 = 2.;H*Focal Length First Lens*L
          d2 = 2.55;H*First Lens-Second Lens*L
          f2 = 1;H*Focal Length Second Lens*L
          d3 = 0.592;H*Second Lens-Second Detector*L
```

## ÿ Reporting parameters

```
In[159]:= Print@"Rayleigh Range           ", N@zrD, " m"D;
          Print@"lambda                   ", l, " m"D;
          Print@"d1 Hwaist - first lensL   ", d1, " m"D;
          Print@"d2 Hfirst lens - second lensL ", d2, " m"D;
          Print@"d3 Hsecond lens - detectorL ", d3, " m"D;
          Print@"f1 Hfocal length first lensL ", f1, " m"D;
          Print@"f2 Hfocal length first lensL ", f2, " m"D;
          Print@"Design beam diamater      ", 3, " mm"D;
          Print@"Design Guoy Shift         ", 180, " Deg."D;
```

Rayleigh Range	212.132 m
lambda	$1.064 \cdot 10^{-6}$ m
d1 Hwaist - first lensL	4. m
d2 Hfirst lens - second lensL	2.55 m
d3 Hsecond lens - detectorL	0.592 m
f1 Hfocal length first lensL	2. m
f2 Hfocal length first lensL	1 m
Design beam diamater	3 mm
Design Guoy Shift	180 Deg.

## ÿ Find PD position

```
In[168]:= d3 = .;
          d3 = d3 • Chop@FindRoot@dg@d2, d3D Š 180, 8d3, 0, 1<DD
```

```
Out[169]= 0.591837
```

```
In[170]:= Print@"d1=", d1, " f1=", f1, " d2=", d2, " f2=", f2, " d3=", d3D ;

d1=4. f1=2. d2=2.55 f2=1 d3=0.591837

In[171]:= Print@"dg=", dg@d2, d3D, " size=", size@d2, d3DD

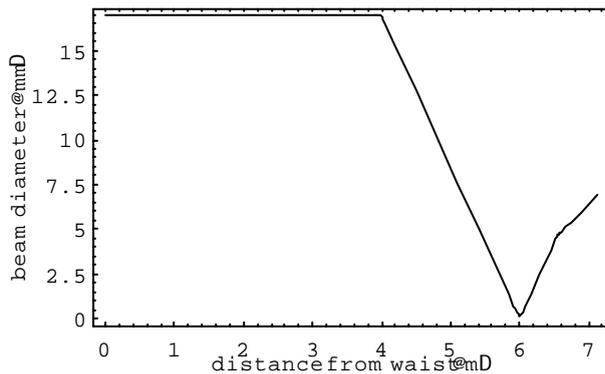
dg=180. size=6.91931
```

## Combine Functions for plotting

```
In[172]:= wx@x_, d2_, d3_D := w@q0 + xD •; x f d1
wx@x_, d2_, d3_D := w@q2 + x - d1D •; x > d1 && x f d1 + d2
wx@x_, d2_, d3_D := w@q4@d2D + x - d1 - d2D •; x > d1 + d2
gx@x_, d2_, d3_D := guoy@q0 + xD •; x f d1
gx@x_, d2_, d3_D := dg1 + guoy@q2 + x - d1D - guoy@q2D •; x > d1 && x f d1 + d2
gx@x_, d2_, d3_D := dg1 + dg2@d2D + guoy@q4@d2D + x - d1 - d2D - guoy@q4@d2DD •; x > d1 + d2
```

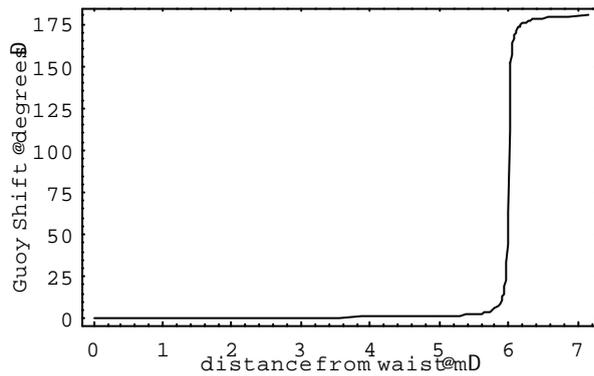
## Plots

```
In[178]:= p1 =
Plot@
wx@x, d2, d3D,
8x, 0, d1 + d2 + d3<,
FrameLabel @ 8
"distance from waist@mD",
"beam diameter @mmD"
<,
Frame @ True
D;
```

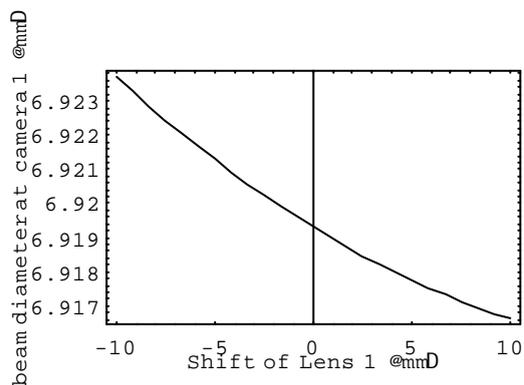


```
In[179]:= H*lens2 0.55 m away from the second waist*L
```

```
In[180]:= p2 =
  Plot@
    gx@x, d2, d3D,
    8x, 0, d1 + d2 + d3<,
    FrameLabel @ 8
      "distance from waist@mD",
      "Guoy Shift @degreesD"
    <,
    Frame @ True
  D;
```



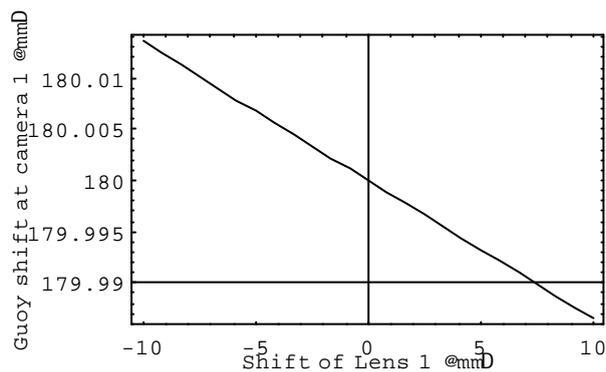
```
In[181]:= p3 =
  Plot@
    size@d2 + shift * 1000, d3 - shift * 1000D,
    8shift, -10, 10<,
    FrameLabel @ 8
      "Shift of Lens 1 @mmD",
      "beam diameter at camera 1 @mmD"
    <,
    Frame @ True
  D;
```



```

In[182]:= p4 =
  Plot@
    dg@d2 + shift * 1000, d3 - shift * 1000D,
    8shift, -10, 10<,
    FrameLabel @ 8
      "Shift of Lens 1 @mmD",
      "Guoy shift at camera 1 @mmD"
    <,
    Frame @ True
  D;

```



## à Guoy shift telescope for TAMA300 main cavity alignment ~ End Mirror

Original by Gerhard Heinzl

Interpreted by K. Arai (2001/5/6)

### ÿ Constant

```

In[183]:= H* Nd:YAG wavelength *L
  I = 1064.*^-9 ;

```

### ÿ Rayleigh range

```

In[184]:= H* Radius of curvature at z *L
  R@z_D := z + zr^2 * z

```

```

In[185]:= zr = .
  zr = zr . Solve@R@300D Š 450, zrD@@2DD

```

```

Out[186]= 150 • !!
           2

```

## q parameter at waist (q0)

```
In[187]:= q0 = I zr
```

```
Out[187]= 150 ä •  $\frac{1}{2}$ 
```

```
In[188]:= H* q=z+q0 *L
```

## Beam diameter in mm

## Guoy Shift between 00 and 01 modes in degrees

```
In[192]:= guoy@q_D :=  $\frac{180}{p} \text{ArcTanA} \left[ \frac{\text{Re}@qD}{\text{Im}@qD} \right]$ 
```

## ABCD matrices

Transform q1 -> q2 by ABCD matrix (M= $\begin{matrix} A & B \\ C & D \end{matrix}$ )

```
In[193]:= transf@q1_, M_D := HM@1, 1DD q1 + M@1, 2DDL • HM@2, 1DD q1 + M@2, 2DDL
```

ABCD Matrix for lens of focal length f

```
In[194]:= lens@f_D := 881, 0<, 8- 1 • f, 1<<
```

ABCD Matrix for vacuum distance d

```
In[195]:= dist@d_D := 881, d<, 80, 1<<
```

## q's and guoy shifts at each optical component

Distance from waist (front mirror) to lens1

```
In[196]:= d1 = 4.;
```

q and guoy shift just before lens1

dg1 is a phase shift between the waist and lens1

```
In[197]:= q1 := transf@q0, dist@d1DD
          dg1 := guoy@q1D
```

q just after lens1

```
In[199]:= q2 := transf@q1, lens@f1DD
```

q and guoy shift just before lens2 as a function of d2

d2 is a distance between lens1 and lens2

dg2 is a phase shift between lens1 and lens2

```
In[200] := q3@d2_D := transf@q2, dist@d2DD
          dg2@d2_D := guoy@q3@d2DD - guoy@q2D
```

q just after lens2

```
In[202] := q4@d2_D := transf@q3@d2D, lens@f2DD
```

q and guoy shift just before PD as a function of d2 and d3

d3 is a distance between lens2 and PD

dg3 is a phase shift between lens2 and PD

```
In[203] := q5@d2_, d3_D := transf@q4@d2D, dist@d3DD
          dg3@d2_, d3_D := guoy@q5@d2, d3DD - guoy@q4@d2DD
```

Total quoy phase shift from the waist to PD

```
In[205] := dg@d2_, d3_D := Mod@dg1 + dg2@d2D + dg3@d2, d3D, 180D
          H* use 180 deg to see how much the shift above 180 deg is *L
```

Beam diameter at PD

```
In[206] := size@d2_, d3_D := w@q5@d2, d3DD
```

## Y Lens focal length & position

```
In[207] := f1 = 2.;H*Focal Length First Lens*L
          d2 = 2.1998;H*First Lens-Second Lens*L
          f2 = .2;H*Focal Length Second Lens*L
          d3 = 3.25;H*Second Lens-Second Detector*L
```

## Reporting parameters

```
In[211]:= Print@"Rayleigh Range           ", N@zrD, " m"D;
Print@"lambda                             ", l, " m"D;
Print@"d1 Hwaist - first lensL           ", d1, " m"D;
Print@"d2 Hfirst lens - second lensL     ", d2, " m"D;
Print@"d3 Hsecond lens - detectorL       ", d3, " m"D;
Print@"f1 Hfocal length first lensL      ", f1, " m"D;
Print@"f2 Hfocal length first lensL      ", f2, " m"D;
Print@"Design beam diamater              ", 3, " mm"D;
Print@"Design Guoy Shift                  ", 55, " Deg."D;
```

```
Rayleigh Range           212.132 m
lambda                   1.064 10-6 m
d1 Hwaist - first lensL  4. m
d2 Hfirst lens - second lensL 2.1998 m
d3 Hsecond lens - detectorL 3.25 m
f1 Hfocal length first lensL 2. m
f2 Hfocal length first lensL 0.2 m
Design beam diamater     3 mm
Design Guoy Shift        55 Deg.
```

## Find lens2 position

```
In[220]:= d2 = d2 /. Chop@FindRoot@dg@d2, d3D Š 55., 8d2, f1 + f2 - .02, f1 + f2 + .01 < DD
```

```
Out[220]= 2.19982
```

```
In[221]:= Print@"d1=", d1, " f1=", f1, " d2=", d2, " f2=", f2, " d3=", d3D ;
```

```
d1=4. f1=2. d2=2.19982 f2=0.2 d3=3.25
```

```
In[222]:= Print@"dg=", dg@d2, d3D, " size=", size@d2, d3DD
```

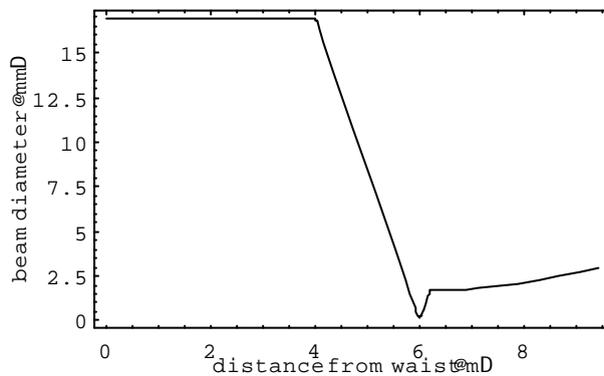
```
dg=55. size=2.99526
```

## Combine Functions for plotting

```
In[223]:= wx@x_, d2_, d3_D := w@q0 + xD *; x f d1
wx@x_, d2_, d3_D := w@q2 + x - d1D *; x > d1 && x f d1 + d2
wx@x_, d2_, d3_D := w@q4@d2D + x - d1 - d2D *; x > d1 + d2
gx@x_, d2_, d3_D := guoy@q0 + xD *; x f d1
gx@x_, d2_, d3_D := dg1 + guoy@q2 + x - d1D - guoy@q2D *; x > d1 && x f d1 + d2
gx@x_, d2_, d3_D := dg1 + dg2@d2D + guoy@q4@d2D + x - d1 - d2D - guoy@q4@d2DD *; x > d1 + d2
```

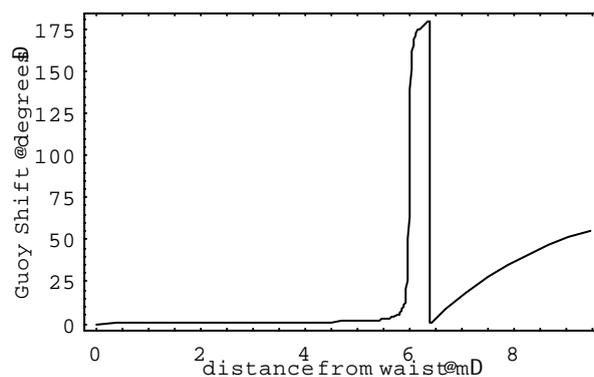
## Y Plots

```
In[229]:= p1 =
  Plot@
    wx@x, d2, d3D,
    8x, 0, d1+d2+d3<,
    FrameLabel @ 8
      "distance from waist@mD",
      "beam diameter @mmD"
    <,
    Frame @ True
  D;
```



```
In[230]:= H* lens at 0.2 m away from the second waist*L
```

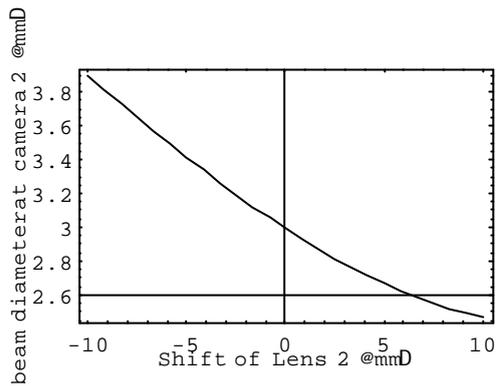
```
In[231]:= p2 =
  Plot@
    Mod@
      gx@x, d2, d3D, 180D,
      8x, 0, d1+d2+d3<,
      FrameLabel @ 8
        "distance from waist@mD",
        "Guoy Shift @degreesD"
      <,
      Frame @ True
  D;
```



```

In[234]:= p3 =
  Plot@
    size@d2 + shift * 1000, d3 - shift * 1000D,
    8shift, - 10, 10<,
    FrameLabel @ 8
      "Shift of Lens 2 @mmD",
      "beam diameter at camera 2 @mmD"
    <,
    Frame @ True
  D;

```



```

In[235]:= p4 =
  Plot@
    dg@d2 + shift * 1000, d3 - shift * 1000D,
    8shift, - 10, 10<,
    FrameLabel @ 8
      "Shift of Lens 2 @mmD",
      "Guoy shift at camera 2 @mmD"
    <,
    Frame @ True
  D;

```

